## Turkmenistan

## Road Safety Profile

Population (2023) 6.5 Million Below 18 years old Above 60 ye	ars old	(1)	Share of road crash fatalities by mode (2013)					
36%     9%       GDP, PPP (2022)     96.2 Billion USD		(2)	0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%
Upper middle income			Cost of ro (2016)	oad crash	fatalitie	es and seric	ous injurie:	<b>s</b> (5)
Every 11 hours, someone dies in a road crash in Turkmenistan		(3)	<b>1.8 Billi</b> As a shar <b>5%</b>	on USD re of GDP		Health expe	enditure	(6)
Road crash fatalities (2019) <b>800 deaths</b>		(3)	270			in compari	son)	
Annual average growth rate 2000-2015 2015-2019 -3.2%	1.5	%	<b>7.7 kilo</b> Road infr		<b>per th</b> e densi	• • •	=	(7) N
				ys, share (		Paved road	ratio ()	(8)
Road crash is the top 19th cause of Turkmenistan	death in	(4)	n.d.			n.d.	ŭ	
Road crash fatality rates by different sources WHO (2019) (3)			Share of road infrastructure with 3-star or better (9) safety rating for each road user category Vehicle occupant Motorcyclist					
<b>13.5 per 100,000 population</b> GBD (2019)		(4)	<b>n.d.</b> Pedestria	an		<b>n.d.</b> Bicyclist		
<b>4.6 per 100,000 population</b>		(4)	n.d.			n.d.		
Country official statistics ()			iRAP ass	essed road	d lengtl	٦		
n.d.			n.d.					
Share of road crash fatalities by gender (3)			Motoriza	tion rate, †	total ve	hicles (202	3)	(7)
Male Female			n.d.					
78% 23%			2-wheele	ers				
Share of road crash fatalities by age		(4)	LDV					
100%			n.d.					
50% 15 to 44 years			Bases					
	>45 years old		n.d.					
0% 2000 2005 2010 2015 2019	<14 years old							
Sources								
(1) UN Population Database (2022)			(6) World B					
(2) World Bank (2022) (3) World Health Organization (2021)			(7) Comput (8) IRF (202	ed using cou	intry offic	ial statistics		
(4) Global Burden of Disease (2019)			(9) iRAP (20					
(5) World Bank Road Safety Opportunities and C	Challenges (2019)					Duni		
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 Transport
Outlook The Asian Transport Outlook (ATO) project collects, collates, and organizes data from publicly available official, as well as reputable and peer-reviewed secondary sources, which may contain incomplete or inconsistent data. It is important to note that the ATO does not generate data. Moreover, while the ATO carries out quality control and assurance of whether